



2017年山西省高考考前适应性测试

英语

第 I 卷

第一部分听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 请先将答案标在试卷上, 录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:

How much is the shirt?

- A . £ 19.15.
- B . £ 9.15 .
- C . £ 9.18 .

答案是 B。

1. What does the woman advise the man to do?

- A . Wait for some time.
- B. Telephone the seller.
- C . Change the order.

2. Which of the following cost the man most?

- A. The washing machine. B.The fridge. C.The bed.

3. When will the man need to be in his seat?

- A . No later than 7:15 pm.
- B . No later than 7:25 pm.
- C. Anytime before 7:30 pm.

4. What is the man going to do?

- A. Ask his friend to help the woman.
- B. Open the door for the woman.
- C. Find the key for the woman.

5. Who is the host of the BBQ?

- A. Thomas. B.Stephen. C.Jerry.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What color pants does the man prefer?

- A. Yellow. B.Black. C.Grey.

7. How much will the man pay?

- A . \$64 . B . \$72 . C . \$80 .

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。



8. What would the man like to drink?

- A. Milk. B. Tea. C. Coffee.

9. What do we know about Susan?

- A. She has more free time.
B. She is a cleaning lady.
C. She dislikes cooking.

听第 8 段材料 , 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What will the woman do this afternoon?

- A. Fax the man a brochure.
B. Work out the agreement.
C. Attend a meeting.

11. Why does the man make the phone call?

- A. To order some machines.
B. To ask for a colored picture.
C. To change the delivery time.

12. When will the man sign the agreement?

- A. This evening. B. At noon tomorrow. C. Tomorrow morning.

13. What does the man think of the sitting room?

- A. It's old. B. It's big. C. It's bright.

14. Why is the house quieter?

- A. It's far away from the city centre.
B. There are no neighbors upstairs.
C. It's in a convenient neighborhood.

15. What is good about the house according to the woman?

- A. It has three bedrooms.
B. It has a new refrigerator.
C. It has a fire escape.

16. What did the house owner promise to do?

- A. Fix the leak in the kitchen.
B. Repair the loose electric wiring.
C. Paint the house.

听第 10 段材料 , 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Where did the man get the information?

- A. On the Internet. B. On the phone. C. In a newspaper.

18. Why does Susan Green need another babysitting job?

- A. She wants to support her brothers.
B. She doesn't like her present family.
C. The family she is working for is moving.

19. Who charges the most per hour?

- A. Susan Green. B. Eve Brown. C. Mary Smith.

20. What is the problem with Mary?

- A. She charges too much. B. She lacks experience. C. She is too old.

第二部分阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 60 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 3 分, 满分 45 分)



阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（ A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Amazing Facts About Elf Owls

The elf owl is mostly found in the southwestern parts of the United States and Mexico. During the spring and summer seasons, it moves to Arizona and New Mexico. It returns to Mexico for the winter. The elf owl doesn't build its own nest. It lives in tree holes.

The elf owl is a yellow bird with dark wings. Its eyes are bright yellow and its feet are large. It is the smallest owl of the species, only about 12.5-14.5 centimeters long. It is also the world's lightest owl, weighing not more than forty grams. In general, female elf owls weigh more than male ones.

The female usually lays three eggs at a time. After the young elf owls are born, their mother will feed them with worms for up to three to four weeks. After 10 weeks, the young ones are fully grown and ready to take flight.

The elf owls are not aggressive birds, When danger comes, they will fly away in the other direction, rather than staying and facing the danger or their enemies. Besides flying, the elf owl can also walk and climb like a parrot. The elf owl is most active after dusk, during the night and just before dawn. It can produce many different kinds of sounds. It can live for three to six years in the wild. If they are kept in cages, they can live for ten to fourteen year8. The elf owls are now in danger because of the loss of habitat. Cutting down trees will result in lack of places for them to live in.

21. According to the first two paragraphs, the elf owl may _ _____.

- A. live in Mexico in winter
- B. have yellow wings
- C. have big and dark eyes
- D. build its nest in trees

22. What can we learn from the text?

- A. The female elf owl lays one egg at a time.
- B. The elf owl can live no longer than six years.
- C. The elf owl sleeps at night and searches for food during the daytime.
- D. The female elf owl provides her young with food for three to four weeks.

23. What is a characteristic of the elf owl?

- A. It prefers to live in cages.
- B. It has a gentle character.
- C. It is not- good at climbing.
- D. It is most active during the day,

24. Where can we most probably find the text?

- A. In a science fiction.
- B. In a tourist guide.
- C. On a shopping website.
- D. In a wildlife magazine.

B

Every year, billions of kilograms of fresh produce are wasted in the United States. Meanwhile, millions of poor Americans go hungry, without access to healthy, affordable meals.

Evan Lutz is enthusiastic about correcting that social injustice: And he combines that goal with enthusiasm for business. Lutz is CEO and founder of Hungry Harvest, a business which collects



and sells "ugly" produce. These are fruits and vegetables that most food companies would throw away. More than six billion pounds are wasted each year due to surface imperfections.

"So I'll give you an example." Lutz says, "If you go to a grocery store you will see all the produce lineup shiny, perfect, of the same size and color, But on a farm, everything doesn't grow the same way. So all that stuff that doesn't grow the same way often gets thrown out. And what we do is take all that normally gets thrown out because of its odd size or shape, box it up and deliver it to our customers once a week."

For Evan Lutz, giving back to others came from his upbringing.

"When I was growing up my parents taught me the values of giving back, and giving is a lot more powerful than receiving. We sell produce with a purpose and that doesn't just mean we reduce food from going to waste. We hire people that were formerly in prison or were formerly injured or sick living in homeless shelters. They really wanted to get back on their feet for a second chance in life."

Evan Lutz is really happy to be realizing great mission that he thinks can really revolutionize the food industry in America.

25. The social injustice in Paragraph 2 refers to the fact that _____.

- A. vegetables and fruits that don't taste good get wasted
- B. much produce gets wasted while many Americans starve
- C. grocery stores only sell produce of the same size
- D. poor Americans can not afford healthy food

26. What business does Hungry Harvest mainly do?

- A. Deliver food for free.
- B. Raise money for the poor.
- C. Collect "ugly" produce and sell it.
- D. Buy "ugly" produce and process it.

27. Why does Evan Lutz hire those people mentioned in Paragraph 5?

- A. To lower labor costs.
- B. To increase productivity.
- C. To offer them a job.
- D. To enjoy a better reputation.

28. What can be a suitable title for the passage?

- A. Creating More Jobs for the Less Fortunate
- B. Putting Healthy Food on Dinner Table
- C. Making Profits from Shiny Produce
- D. Giving Unused Produce a Purpose

C

As the train started to move, I looked around in the car from my seat. Small bags hung from the luggage shelves, swinging from side to side along with the moving of the train. The lights were weak. The smells of oils, sweat, tobacco, socks and toilets filled the car. The window curtains seemed to have been picked up from a garbage can. Black and yellow marks dotted them. The wooden edge of the window by my seat had come off and was oily like a butcher's counter. Brown and dry apple bites, bread bits and melon seeds mixed with beer out of the can lay on the small table in front of me, so was a used newspaper beside one used chopstick.

I looked down. Five or six passengers sat on the floor, and one child even lay under a seat, sticking his feet out. Moving around the car would become a disaster. Even a brilliant ballet dancer on her tiptoe might find it hard to put her feet on. Most of those sitting on the floor were asleep, or half-sleep. From time to time they opened their eyes, taking a look at their luggage, and moved their



bodies to keep their territory(领地) inviolate.

There were also noises. There was laughter and arguments of four men in their poker game. Two women, standing beside, quarreled. A boy, excited, blew his whistles hard. An old lady seemed to lecture her grandson, who tore a hole in his trousers.

Suddenly, the train came to a stop. An apple flew away from a hanging bag, bounced off a woman's shoulder, and hit the head of a man sitting on the floor. Bottles were broken. Swearing, crying and shouting all came into an explosion.

29. Which of the following can best describe the environment on the train?

- A. Warm, comfortable but noisy.
- B. Messy, dirty and crowded.
- C. Quiet, harmonious but smelly.
- D. Bright, busy and pleasant.

30. What did the author see on the coach?

- A. A ballet dancer standing on the floor.
- B. A table shaped like a butcher's counter.
- C. A newspaper and a chopstick lying on the table.
- D. The train curtains picked up from a trash can.

31. How does the author develop the passage?

- A. By describing real scenes.
- B. By following space order.
- C. By comparing different behaviors.
- D. By following time order.

D

When people find out that I am a journalist, they often ask me: What do you think about the future of newspapers?

I tell them that I think the future of communications is moving online. People expect me to be fearful for the future of print. After all, in some people's minds I wouldn't be able to build a career in journalism if it all moves online. However, strangely enough, I'm actually comforted by the fact that online journalism is becoming usual. I am a blogger who has always been able to find a home for my writing online.

Since I began writing blogs, I have become aware of how many people you can reach with online writing. Compare this to the newspapers circulation base, and you will have a strong reason for online journalism.

In her successful blog post titled The job I have spent the last year learning is not the one I will have, author Jenny Surane states, "Print is an expensive product to love. And general managers, publishers and editors must now figure out a profitable way to get their news into readers' heads." She goes on to state that people don't feel like picking up a newspaper now and would rather scroll(滚屏) through their Twitter feed, and get news from many different sources.

If print is dying, then a new form of communicating information is being born. The need for information has not died. If anything, it has increased. What has died, rather, is the way in which information is presented.

Now more than ever, in this age of information, there is a desire for stories on the same topic from different points of view. The printing industry can keep pace with the need of providing a variety of sources, if it chooses to.



Is the future of print Grim? Maybe. But is the future of journalism of communicating information to people, grim as well? Definitely not.

32. According to Paragraph 2, the author feels _ _____ .
- A. confident about the future of his career
 - B. worried about the future of print
 - C. tired of being a newspaper journalist
 - D. embarrassed about online writing
33. What information is conveyed in Jenny's blog post?
- A. Twitter is not very popular.
 - B. It is hard to manage online journalism.
 - C. Print still has its own advantages.
 - D. People have more options to get information.
34. What does the underlined word "grim" in the last paragraph probably mean?
- A. Promising.
 - B. Depressing.
 - C. Unforgiving.
 - D. Encouraging.
35. What is the author's purpose in writing the text?
- A. To explore the future of journalism.
 - B. To analyze the cause of print decline.
 - C. To explain the bright future of a journalist.
 - D. To introduce a successful blog post about print.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 3 分, 满分 15 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Conflict Resolution(解决)

Conflict is a normal part of any healthy relationship. After all, two people can't be expected to agree on everything all the time. 36

Conflicts may be resolved in positive or negative ways. When they're handled in a positive way, they provide an opportunity to strengthen the bond. 37 The following is a practical five-step process for conflict resolution.

Agree that you disagree. Make clear the issue that is causing the disagreement. Answer the question "What is this disagreement about?"

Take turns talking and listening. Use talking and listening skills to have a conversation about the problem. 38 Each person should also have an opportunity to listen to the other person's point of view.

Restate what you heard. Reflect what the other person says to figure out his or her thoughts and feelings. 39

Come up with a solution. Think of ideas that may solve the problem. You both should agree on the solution you choose.

40 If you are unable or unwilling to reach a solution, contact an unbiased (无偏见的) person who can offer objective and practical suggestions.

- A. Get outside help if you need it.
- B. State your point of view to others.
- C. Ask questions if you don't understand.
- D. But when mismanaged, they can damage a relationship.



- E. Each person should have an opportunity to say what he thinks.
- F. Learning how to resolve conflicts helps relationships run more smoothly,
- G. And when handled in a respectful way, they contribute to the relationship.

第三部分英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 55 分)

第一节完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

My father, Danny Thomas, was a famous comedian, singer, actor, and producer with many fans. When I was a child I 41 him. Once, my father made a(n) 42 with Margaret O'Brien and he often took me to the set. I also wanted to be a movie star. Ten years later, at age seventeen, I got my 43.

I played the lead in Gigi. However, the 44 of finally being a real actress was painfully short-lived. All the interviews and all the reviews 45 my father.

Would I be as good as my father? Was I as gifted, as funny? Would I be as popular? I was extremely 46.

I loved my father, but my 47 was just him.

"Daddy," I began, please don't be 48 when I tell you this. I want to change my 49. I love you but I don't want to be a Thomas anymore."

I tried not to 50 during the long silence. And then he said, "I raised you to be a thoroughbred (优秀的赛马). When thoroughbreds run, they wear blinders to keep their eyes focused straight 51 with no disturbance, no other horses. They hear the crowd but they don't 52. They just run their own race. That's what you have to do. Don't listen to anyone 53 you to me or to anyone else. You just run your own race."

The next night 54 the crowd filed into the theater, the stage manager 55 me a white box with a red ribbon. I opened it up and inside was a pair of old horse blinders with a little note that 56, "Run your own race, Baby."

Run your own race, Baby. Dad could have said it a dozen other ways: "Be 57"; "Don't be influenced by others." But it wouldn't have been the same. He chose the right words at the right time. And all 58 my life, I've been able to come to the point by asking myself, "Am I running my race or 59 else's?"

I thank my father for all his words that continue to live in my 60.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. hated | B. adored | C. feared | D. avoided |
| 42. A. movie | B. album | C. record | D. interview |
| 43. A. position | B. award | C. degree | D. chance |
| 44. A. affection | B. anxiety | C. excitement | D. bitterness |
| 45. A. focused on | B. relied on | C. appealed to | D. attended to |
| 46. A. calm | B. upset | C. touched | D. guilty |
| 47. A. belief | B. limit | C. model | D. problem |
| 48. A. puzzled | B. injured | C. hurt | D. confused |
| 49. A. role | B. name | C. school | D. major |
| 50. A. cry | B. smile | C. scream | D. laugh |
| 51. A. ahead | B. around | C. about | D. aside |
| 52. A. hesitate | B. move | C. shout | D. listen |
| 53. A. leading | B. comparing | C. tying | D. introducing |



- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|
| 54. A. until | B. though | C. as | D. since |
| 55. A. delivered | B. handed | C. dropped | D. pressed |
| 56. A. wrote | B. showed | C. printed | D. read |
| 57. A. grateful | B. modest | C. independent | D. considerate |
| 58. A. toward | B. beyond | C. through | D. behind |
| 59. A. somebody | B. anybody | C. nobody | D. everybody |
| 60. A. recognition | B. dream | C. experience | D. heart |

第 卷

第三部分英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 55 分)

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容 (1 个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式。

It was a short flight from Shanghai to Xi'an. Xi'an is one of the four great ancient capitals of China 61 over 3,100 years of history. Its ancient walls date from the Ming Dynasty and are the best 62 (preserve) in the world. There are bicycles for people to hire. It is 63 (amaze) to ride along the walls to survey this fascinating city.

The Tang Dynasty Music and Dance show is not to be missed, but my favorite is an art gallery, 64 we can enjoy some beautiful artwork and learn how to write Chinese characters.

Most tourists make 65 way to Xi'an to see the life-size terracotta warriors (兵马俑) and we were no 66 (difference). The collection, which shows the armies of the first Emperor of China, 67 (remain) hidden until 1974 when they were discovered by a farmer sinking a well. Walking among the statues is forbidden unless you are a VIP - but there are plenty of souvenir 68 (shop) in which tourists can buy the replicas (复制品) of them.

All too soon it was time 69 (leave). I really enjoyed my stay in Xi'an. It is indeed a place of interest worth 70 second visit.

第四部分写作 (共两节, 满分 35)

第一节短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (|), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

The person who touched me most is an unknown lady. I study in a city school but lives in a village 15 kilometers away. One afternoon, I receive a call from my family saying my mom was serious ill. I hurried to the bus station, only find the last bus had left. Feel anxious, I decided to walk home. On the way a car stopped and the driver asked me that I needed help. Worried about being cheated, I said anything. But she was such sincere that I finally accepted her offer. When we reached my village, it was dark. Seeing her car out of the sight, I was in tear. Whenever I think of her, I always feel grateful.

第二节书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假定你是李华, 你的留学生朋友 Peter 发邮件说, 他正在学汉语, 但感觉很吃力, 请求你给予帮助。请给他回封邮件, 内容包括:

1. 举例说明汉语学习的特点;



2. 提供一些可行的建议。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

2017 年山西省高考考前适应性测试 英语参考答案及评分标准

A 卷选择题答案

1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C 6. G 7. B 8. B 9. A 10. A
11. A 12. B 13. G 14. B 15. G 16. G 17. A 18. G 19. B 20. B
21. A 22. D 23. B 24. D 25. B 26. C 27. C 28. D 29. B 30. C
31. A 32. A 33. D 34. B 35. A 36. F 37. D 38. E 39. C 40. A
41. B 42. A 43. D 44. C 45. A 46. B 47. D 48. C 49. B 50. A
51. A 52. D 53. B 54. C 55. B 56. D 57. C 58. C 59. A 60. D

非选择题答案

评分要求:

严格按照标准答案评判。完全正确给分, 否则不给分。

拼写错误、名词单复数、大小写、词性错误等, 都视为错误。

61. with 62. preserved 63. amazing 64. where 65. their
66. different 67. remained 68. shops 69. to leave 70. a

短文改错

The person who touched me most is an unknown lady. I study in a city school but lives in a village 15
live
kilometers away. One afternoon, I receive a call from my family saying my mom was serious ill. I hurried to the bus
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station, only find the last bus had left. Feel anxious, I decided to walk home. On the way a car stopped and the driver
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if/whether nothing so
accepted her offer. When we reached my village, it was dark. Seeing her car out of the sight, I was in tear. Whenever
tears
I think of her, I always feel grateful.

书面表达

Dear Peter,

Hope this email finds you well! Last time you said you were learning Chinese but encountered some difficulties. It's inevitable because English emphasizes the structure, while Chinese focuses on the meaning. With regard to the matter you mentioned in your letter, my suggestions are as follows:

Firstly, I would recommend you to find a native speaker as a language partner, and meet with him on a regular basis. Besides, watching Chinese movies and listening to Chinese songs can make the learning process much more interesting.

Those are the tips on my mind now. I would always be pleased to offer you help. I do hope you will find these proposals practical.

Yours,
Li Hua